CHECK YOUR UNDERSTANDING :

CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER :

1. Speech-language pathology is best defined as:

A. The study of human behavior and mental processes
B. The scientific study of speech, language, and communication disorders
C. The medical study of hearing and balance
D. The study of anatomy and physiology of the vocal cords

2. Speech-language pathology belongs to which broader discipline?

A. Medical sciences
B. Linguistics
C. Communication sciences and disorders
D. Education sciences

3. Which of the following components belongs to *speech* rather than *language*?

A. Syntax
B. Semantics
C. Fluency
D. Pragmatics

4. What does *articulation* refer to?

A. The rhythm of speech
B. The use of vocal cords to produce sound
C. How speech sounds are made
D. The understanding of words and sentences

5. A disorder involving impaired muscle movement for speech production is called:

A. Stuttering
B. Dysarthria
C. Apraxia
D. Aphasia

6. Which of the following is a *language disorder*?

A. Dysarthria
B. Expressive language disorder
C. Stuttering
D. Voice disorder

7. Which of the following medical conditions may cause speech or language disorders?

A. Multiple sclerosis
B. Appendicitis
C. Diabetes
D. Asthma

8. Speech-language pathologists primarily work with:

A. Hearing and balance disorders
B. Speech, language, communication, and swallowing disorders
C. Psychological and behavioral disorders
D. Cognitive and emotional development

9. Which professional is NOT typically part of the interdisciplinary team with an SLP?

A. Audiologist
B. Occupational therapist
C. Social worker
D. Architect

10. What is one of the main duties of a speech-language pathologist?

A. Performing surgical interventions on the vocal cords
B. Prescribing medication for speech improvement
C. Developing and implementing individualized treatment plans
D. Conducting physical fitness tests

11. The earliest organization dedicated to speech correction was established around:

A. 1900
B. 1926
C. 1945
D. 1975

12. After World War II, speech-language pathology expanded primarily due to:

A. Increased interest in bilingual education
B. Soldiers returning with brain injuries and aphasia
C. The invention of new surgical methods
D. Growth of computer-based therapy

13. During which period did linguistics help distinguish language from speech disorders?

A. 1920–1940
B. 1945–1965
C. 1965–1975
D. 1980–1990

14. Evidence-based practice in SLP involves:

A. Using traditional methods only
B. Ignoring patient differences
C. Integrating research evidence with clinical expertise
D. Applying non-scientific treatment approaches

15. Modern speech-language pathology emphasizes:

A. Isolated practice without teamwork
B. Collaboration, technology, and research-based methods
C. Focusing only on articulation problems
D. Treating only adults with voice disorders