

Series No. 03 : Numerical Functions

Exercise 01: Calculate the following endings:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{\tan x} ; \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 9}}{x - 3} ; \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x + 1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x - 2}{\sqrt{x^2 - 4}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{3x^2 + x} ; \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x \ln x - x + 1}{(x - 1) \ln x}$$

Exercise 02 : Study the continuity of the following functions:

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} (x+1)e^{x^2}, & x \geq -1 \\ (x+1)^2 \cos\left(\frac{3}{x+1}\right), & x < -1 \end{cases}; f(x) = \begin{cases} \ln(1+x), & x \geq 0 \\ x^4 \sin\left(\frac{5}{x}\right), & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

Exercise 03 :

1- Find "a" values so that f and g are continuous

$$: g(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{x+2}-2}{x-2}, & x > 2 \\ a + e^{x-2}, & x \leq 2 \end{cases}; f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\ln(x+1)}{x}, & x < 0 \\ x^5 + 2 + a, & x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

2- Is it possible to continue extending the f function where:

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x-1}-2}{x-5}, x \neq 5$$

Exercise 04 :

Create a definition set for each function in the following cases:

$$; \quad f_2(x) = -\frac{x}{2} + \ln \left| \frac{x-1}{x} \right| ; \quad f_1(x) = \sqrt{(x+2)} + \frac{1}{x+1}$$

$$f_3(x) = e^{\frac{1}{x^2}}$$

$$f_5(x) = \frac{2|x-1|}{\dots}$$

$$; \quad f_4(x) = 2x - |x| \ln(x^2)$$

$$f_7(x) = \begin{cases} x + \frac{1}{2} \frac{+1}{x^2+1}, & x \leq 0 \\ \frac{x}{x^2-1} + \frac{3}{2}, & x > 0 \end{cases}; f_6(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{3(x+1)}{\sqrt{x+2}}, & x \leq 1 \\ \frac{x^2}{2x-1}, & x > 1 \end{cases}$$