
Homework

Exercise 1 : Let $G = \mathbb{R}$. We define on G the internal composition law denoted by $*$ as follows :

$$\forall a, b \in G, a * b = a + b + \frac{1}{6}$$

1. Prove that $*$ is commutative.
2. Prove that $(G, *)$ is a group.
3. Let f the map defined by :

$$\begin{aligned} f : (G, *) &\longrightarrow (\mathbb{R}, +) \\ x &\longmapsto 3x + \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

Demonstrate that f is an isomorphism of groups.

Exercise 2 : I) Let $n \geq 2$, we consider :

$$U_n = \{z \in \mathbb{Z}^*; z^n = 1\}$$

Prove that U_n is a sub-group of (\mathbb{C}^*, \times) .

Let $\varphi_n : U_n \longrightarrow U_n$ the map defined by $\varphi_n(z) = z^2$.

- (a) Prove that φ_n is an endomorphism of groups.
- (b) Determine $\ker(\varphi_3)$. φ_3 is-it injective?

II) We set :

$$\mathbb{Z}[i] = \{a + ib \mid a, b \in \mathbb{Z}\},$$

where i is the complex number verifying $i^2 = -1$.

1. Prove that $(\mathbb{Z}[i], +, \times)$ is a sub-ring of $(\mathbb{C}, +, \times)$.
2. For $z = a + ib \in \mathbb{Z}[i]$, we set $N(z) = a^2 + b^2$.
 - (a) Check that : $N(z) = z\bar{z}$, where $\bar{z} = a - ib$.
 - (b) Prove that : $\forall z, z' \in \mathbb{Z}[i], N(zz') = N(z)N(z')$.
 - (c) Prove that : $\forall z \in \mathbb{Z}[i], z$ invertible $\Leftrightarrow N(z) = 1$.
 - (d) Deduce all the invertible elements of $\mathbb{Z}[i]$.